Finanza

Guardia di Finanza

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The Guardia di Finanza (Italian: [??wardja di fi?nantsa]; G. di F. or GdF; English: Financial Police or Financial Guard) is an Italian militarised law enforcement agency under the Ministry of Economy and Finance, instead of the Ministry of Defence.

Law enforcement in Italy

gendarmerie, and the Polizia di Stato, the civil national police. The Guardia di Finanza is a militarized police force responsible for dealing with financial crime

Law enforcement in Italy is centralized on a national level, with multiple national forces, assisted by some local law enforcement agencies. The two main police forces are the Carabinieri, the national gendarmerie, and the Polizia di Stato, the civil national police. The Guardia di Finanza is a militarized police force responsible for dealing with financial crime, smuggling, and illegal drug trade. Border and maritime patrolling are undertaken by the Polizia di Frontiera, a division of the Polizia di Stato, and the Guardia Costiera (coast guard).

The Polizia Penitenziaria (Prison Police) is the national prison police agency, controlling penitentiaries and inmate transfers. The Corpo Forestale dello Stato (State Forestry Corps) formerly existed as a separate national park ranger agency, but was merged into the Carabinieri in 2016. Alongside national police forces, Polizia Locale are also concerned with policing at a local level.

Finanzas Justas

Finanzas Justas is an independent financial information platform. The website compares financial products, such as loans, credit cards, savings accounts

Finanzas Justas is an independent financial information platform. The website compares financial products, such as loans, credit cards, savings accounts, and personal loans, without displaying any advertising. Instead, the platform receives compensation from partner banking entities when users are referred to their services. The company is owned by Haveton AB and is headquartered in Stockholm, Sweden, with a local office in Spain.

Inversión y Finanzas

Inversión y Finanzas is a weekly Spanish finance and business magazine published in Madrid, Spain. Inversión y Finanzas was launched in 1993. It is part

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2025–26 Inter Milan season

e Finanza (in Italian). 4 June 2025. Retrieved 12 June 2025. "Luis Henrique è dell'Inter: l'impatto dell'operazione a bilancio". Calcio e Finanza (in

The 2025–26 season is the 118th season in the existence of Inter Milan, which have all been played in the top division of Italian football. In addition to the domestic league, Inter is also participating in this season's editions of the Coppa Italia, the Supercoppa Italiana and the UEFA Champions League.

List of active Italian military aircraft

Armed Forces: Italian Army, Italian Navy, Italian Air Force, Guardia di Finanza, Italian Coast Guard, and Carabinieri. Italian Armed Forces " Future Base

The following is a list of military aircraft currently used by the four branches of the Italian Armed Forces: Italian Army, Italian Navy, Italian Air Force, Guardia di Finanza, Italian Coast Guard, and Carabinieri.

MF Milano Finanza

daily business newspaper owned by Class Editori, founded in 1989. Milano Finanza is an Italian national weekly business newspaper also owned by Class Editori

MF is an Italian national daily business newspaper owned by Class Editori, founded in 1989. Milano Finanza is an Italian national weekly business newspaper also owned by Class Editori, sold with MF every Saturday since 1986. The newspapers are very popular among the business operators of online trading.

Forward contract

In finance, a forward contract, or simply a forward, is a non-standardized contract between two parties to buy or sell an asset at a specified future time

In finance, a forward contract, or simply a forward, is a non-standardized contract between two parties to buy or sell an asset at a specified future time at a price agreed on in the contract, making it a type of derivative instrument. The party agreeing to buy the underlying asset in the future assumes a long position, and the party agreeing to sell the asset in the future assumes a short position. The price agreed upon is called the delivery price, which is equal to the forward price at the time the contract is entered into.

The price of the underlying instrument, in whatever form, is paid before control of the instrument changes. This is one of the many forms of buy/sell orders where the time and date of trade are not the same as the value date where the securities themselves are exchanged. Forwards, like other derivative securities, can be used to hedge risk (typically currency or exchange rate risk), as a means of speculation, or to allow a party to take advantage of a quality of the underlying instrument which is time-sensitive.

Polizia di Stato

(ferrovie), airports (aeroporti), customs (together with the Guardia di Finanza), as well as certain waterways, and assisting the local police forces.

The Polizia di Stato (State Police or P.S.) is one of the national police forces of Italy. Alongside the Carabinieri, it is the main police force for providing police duties, primarily to cities and large towns, and with its child agencies it is also responsible for highway patrol (autostrade), railways (ferrovie), airports (aeroporti), customs (together with the Guardia di Finanza), as well as certain waterways, and assisting the local police forces.

It was a military force until 1981 when the Italian State Law 121 was passed. This converted the State Police to a civil force, which is in contrast to the other main police forces of Italy: the Arma dei Carabinieri, which is a military police (gendarmerie) force and the Guardia di Finanza, the Italian customs and border protection police that also falls in the military corps category.

The Polizia di Stato is the principal Italian police force for the maintenance of public security and as such it is run directly by the Department of Public Security (Dipartimento della Pubblica Sicurezza), and the keeping of public order (ordine pubblico). Interpol summarizes the primary focus of this force: "Its responsibilities include investigative and law enforcement duties, and the security of motorway, railway, and waterway networks."

Ministry of Economy and Finance (Italy)

di Finanza (' Fund for Officers of the Guardia di Finanza '), a social security and welfare entity reserved to the officers of the Guardia di Finanza established

The Ministry of Economy and Finance (Italian: Ministero dell'Economia e delle Finanze), also known by the acronym MEF, is a ministry of the Italian government. Its responsibilities include overseeing economic policy, public investments and spending. The Ministry's headquarters are located in Rome's historic Palazzo delle Finanze. The current minister in the Meloni Cabinet is Giancarlo Giorgetti.