Santo. Nuova Serie)

Atalanta BC

compete in Serie A, the top tier of the Italian league system. Founded in 1907, Atalanta holds the record for having played the most Serie A seasons (64)

Atalanta Bergamasca Calcio (Italian: [ata?lanta berga?maska ?kalt??o]), commonly referred to as Atalanta, is a professional football club based in Bergamo, Lombardy, Italy, who compete in Serie A, the top tier of the Italian league system.

Founded in 1907, Atalanta holds the record for having played the most Serie A seasons (64) without being based in a regional capital and without having won the league title. Furthermore, the club also holds the record for most promotions to the Serie A and the joint-most Serie B titles, alongside Genoa.

Atalanta won the Coppa Italia in 1963 and the UEFA Europa League in 2024. The club qualified for the UEFA Champions League four times, reaching the quarter-finals in 2020, and participated in six seasons of the UEFA Europa League (previously known as the UEFA Cup). Atalanta also reached the semi-finals of the Cup Winners' Cup in 1988, when it was competing in Serie B. This is still the joint-best performance ever by a non-first division club in a major UEFA competition.

The club plays its home games at the Gewiss Stadium and its main kit colors are black and blue. Atalanta has a long-standing rivalry with nearby club Brescia. The club is also famed for its youth academy, which has produced several notable talents who have played in the top leagues of Europe.

2023-24 Serie D

switched back to their previous denomination of Nuova Florida throughout the season. On 14 July 2023, the Serie D football committee announced Viterbese and

The 2023–24 Serie D is the seventy-fourth season of the top-level Italian non-professional football championship. It represents the fourth tier in the Italian football league system.

This World Can't Tear Me Down

al lavoro sulla nuova serie: "Un progetto più lungo"". La Repubblica (in Italian). Retrieved 18 June 2023. "Zerocalcare, la nuova serie ha un titolo e

This World Can't Tear Me Down (Italian: Questo mondo non mi renderà cattivo) is an Italian adult animated comedy drama television series written and directed by cartoonist Zerocalcare. It is the second animated series by Zerocalcare after Tear Along the Dotted Line, which features the same characters, and it can be considered a standalone sequel to the previous work. It was released internationally by the streaming platform Netflix on 9 June 2023. The series received generally positive reviews from critics, with praise towards its animation, story and emotional weight.

Bang Bang Baby (TV series)

Retrieved 6 June 2022. Mario Manca (29 April 2022). "Bang Bang Baby: la nuova serie crime italiana da non perdere". Vanity Fair. Retrieved 6 June 2022. Goldbart

Bang Bang Baby is a 2022 Italian crime drama television series created by Andrea Di Stefano and directed by Michele Alhaique, Giuseppe Bonito and Margherita Ferri. It was internationally released on Prime Video

on 28 April 2022.

An Astrological Guide for Broken Hearts

Nord. ISBN 9788842928430. " ' Guida astrologica per cuori infranti ', una nuova serie italiana all ' insegna delle stelle ". La Repubblica (in Italian). 6 October

An Astrological Guide for Broken Hearts (Italian: Guida astrologica per cuori infranti) is an Italian romantic comedy television series based on the novel of the same name by Silvia Zucca. It was released on Netflix on 27 October 2021. After two seasons, the series was cancelled in 2022.

Verona

Spezia to Wien and München lines. Verona's main station is Verona Porta Nuova railway station, to the south of the city center. It is considered to be

Verona (v?-ROH-n?, Italian: [ve?ro?na]; Venetian: Verona or Veròna) is the second-largest city in the region of Veneto in Italy, with 255,131 inhabitants. It is one of the seven provincial capitals of the region, and is the largest city municipality in the region and in northeastern Italy. The metropolitan area of Verona covers an area of 1,426 km2 (550.58 sq mi) and has a population of 714,310 inhabitants. It is one of the main tourist destinations in Northern Italy because of its artistic heritage and several annual fairs and shows as well as the opera season in the Arena, an ancient Roman amphitheater. The opera season begins in May and continues throughout the summer each year. During these months, the city is filled with opera-loving tourists, technical artists, and opera employees, so booking hotels in advance is essential.

Between the 13th and 14th centuries, the city was ruled by the della Scala family. Under the rule of the family, in particular of Cangrande I della Scala, the city experienced great prosperity, becoming rich and powerful and being surrounded by new walls. The della Scala era is preserved in numerous monuments around Verona.

Two of William Shakespeare's plays are set in Verona: Romeo and Juliet (which also features Romeo's visit to Mantua) and The Two Gentlemen of Verona. It is unknown if Shakespeare ever visited Verona or Italy, but his plays have lured many visitors to Verona and surrounding cities. Verona was also the birthplace of Isotta Nogarola, who is said to be the first major female humanist and one of the most important humanists of the Renaissance. In November 2000, the city was declared a World Heritage Site by UNESCO because of its urban structure and architecture.

The city is scheduled to host the 2026 Winter Olympics closing ceremonies.

Fabio Miretti

2003) is an Italian professional footballer who plays as a midfielder for Serie A club Juventus and the Italy national team. Miretti joined Auxilium Saluzzo's

Fabio Miretti (born 3 August 2003) is an Italian professional footballer who plays as a midfielder for Serie A club Juventus and the Italy national team.

Miretti joined Auxilium Saluzzo's youth setup in 2007 and moved on to Cuneo's the following year. In 2011, Miretti was bought by Juventus with which he played across its youth levels. In February 2021, he made his professional debut with the under-23 team, aged 17. The following season, he became a Juventus U23 regular, before making his Serie A and UEFA Champions League debuts with the first team and helping the under-19 team reach the UEFA Youth League semi-finals. In the 2022–23 season, Miretti was permanently promoted to the first team.

Miretti has also represented Italy at youth levels since 2018. He has since scored nine goals in 40 appearances across Italy's levels. In 2022, he made his debut for the senior team.

Paolo Panelli (painter)

storia patria per le Venezie, Venice, ed. (1890). Monumenti storici: Nuova serie, Serie 4, Volume XI. Googlebooks. Pietro Savoni, Venice. *Bartoli, Francesco

Paolo Panelli (January 2, 1656 – Jauanary 6, 1759) was an Italian painter of the Late-Baroque, active in mainly in Verona.

He trained first with his father, but later in life studied with Santo Prunato; he also later learned engraving from Robert van Oudenard. He painted a St Joseph in Prison for the Oratory of San Biagio of Verona and for the church of the Monache di San Domenico. Giovanni Battista Buratto was his pupil.

SS Lazio

known for its football activity. The society, founded in 1900, plays in the Serie A and have spent most of their history in the top tier of Italian football

Società Sportiva Lazio (Italian pronunciation: [sot?e?ta spor?ti?va ?lattsjo]; BIT: SSL; Lazio Sport Club) is an Italian professional sports club based in Rome, most known for its football activity. The society, founded in 1900, plays in the Serie A and have spent most of their history in the top tier of Italian football. Lazio were Italian champions in 1974 and 2000. They have won the Coppa Italia seven times, the Supercoppa Italiana five times, and both the UEFA Cup Winners' Cup and UEFA Super Cup on one occasion. They also won the 1968-69 Serie B. Lazio share the 70,634 capacity Stadio Olimpico with Roma.

The club earliest major honour was a domestic cup win in 1958. In 1974, they won their first Serie A title. The 1990s were the most successful period in Lazio's history: they reached the UEFA Cup final in 1998; won the UEFA Cup Winners' Cup and UEFA Super Cup in 1999; and clinched the Serie A title in 2000. Due to a severe economic crisis in 2002 that forced the departure of president Sergio Cragnotti and the selling of several star players, Lazio's success in the league declined. In spite of the lower funds, the club has won four Coppa Italia titles since then: 2004, 2009, 2013 and 2019. Current president Claudio Lotito took charge of the club in 2004 following a two-year vacancy in the position.

Lazio's traditional kit colours are sky blue shirts and white shorts with white socks; these reflect Rome's ancient Hellenic legacy. Sky blue socks have also been interchangeably used as home colours. Lazio share a long-standing and fierce rivalry with Roma, against whom they have contested the Derby della Capitale ("Derby of the capital city") since 1929.

Despite initially not having any parent–subsidiary relation with the male and female professional team (that was incorporated as S.S. Lazio S.p.A.), the founding of Società Sportiva Lazio allowed for the club that participates in over 40 different sports disciplines in total.

Mauro Camoranesi

joining Verona, where his performances earned him a transfer to defending Serie A champions Juventus in 2002. Camoranesi won the league title and the Supercoppa

Mauro Germán Camoranesi Serra (Spanish: [?maw?o xe??ma? kamo?a?nesi ?sera], Italian: [?mauro kamora?ne?zi; -e?si]; born 4 October 1976) is an Argentinian-Italian football manager and former player who played as a right midfielder or right winger.

Camoranesi began his career in Argentina in 1995, where he played for Aldosivi and Banfield, also having spells in Mexico with Santos Laguna and Cruz Azul, and in Uruguay with Wanderers. In 2000, he moved to Italy, joining Verona, where his performances earned him a transfer to defending Serie A champions Juventus in 2002. Camoranesi won the league title and the Supercoppa Italiana in his first season with the club, also reaching the UEFA Champions League final; he spent most of his career with the Turin side, also winning a second Supercoppa Italiana during his eight seasons with the Bianconeri. In 2010, he joined German side VfB Stuttgart for a season before returning to Argentina to play for Lanús, and subsequently Racing Club, where he retired in 2014. Following his retirement, Camoranesi began his managerial career later that year and has since coached Mexican club Coras de Tepic, Argentine side Tigre, Slovenian teams Tabor Sežana and Maribor, and Maltese side Floriana.

Born and raised in Argentina, Camoranesi represented Italy at international level, making his debut in 2003. With Italy, he took part at UEFA Euro 2004, UEFA Euro 2008, and the 2009 FIFA Confederations Cup; he also took part in the 2010 FIFA World Cup, and was a member of Italy's winning squad at the 2006 World Cup.

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